



**ZAMERANIE NA ÚSTNU SKÚŠKU Z ANGLICKÉHO JAZYKA**  
**Cudzí jazyk I – Odborná komunikácia I – BSVS**

*Na ústnej skúške má študent ukázať, že vie v anglickom jazyku vyjadriť svoje znalosti k danej téme z oblasti polície, bezpečnosti a verejnej správy, pohoťovo a bez ťažkostí reagovať na otázky a vyjadriť svoje myšlienky k danej problematike.*

<p>1. What is the role of the Ministry of Interior? Who is the head of the Ministry of Interior? What is the Ministry of Interior responsible for? What is a valid form of ID? When, where and how can a person apply for an identity card?</p>
<p>2. What offices, departments, units, facilities, services are coordinated by the Ministry of Interior. Choose at least three of them and explain their tasks and activities. What is a valid form of the driving licence? What are the requirements for obtaining a driving licence?</p>
<p>3. What is the role of the police? What is the organisational structure of the Slovak Police? Who controls their activities? What does the public expect from the police? What shapes the public opinion of the police?</p>
<p>4. What are the main tasks and responsibilities of the Slovak police? What are the responsibilities of the Institute of Forensic Science? What would our society be like without the police? Can the society function without the police? Why or why not?</p>
<p>5. What are the requirements to become a police officer in the Slovak Republic? Which requirements to join the police make the recruitment process difficult? Do you think that requirements are demanding? What can disqualify a person to become a police officer?</p>
<p>6. Where can Slovak police officers get their specialised education and training? Describe the training delivered at the Academy of the Police Force in Bratislava in terms of study programmes, forms of study, study requirements, study opportunities. How is the admission procedure different for applicants in the two study programmes?</p>
<p>7. What is the purpose and content of the Criminal Code? Who is an offender? Who is an accomplice? What is the age limit of criminal responsibility in the Slovak Republic? What is a criminal offence? Explain the difference between a minor offence and felony. What does it mean: “intention to commit a crime” and “commit an offence by negligence”? Give a practical example.</p>
<p>8. What are the types of penalties defined in the Criminal Code that may be imposed on an offender? Explain at least 4 of them. What crimes may they be imposed for? What is the maximum imprisonment sentence that may be imposed in Slovakia? What is the purpose of penalties? What is the capital punishment? Where in the world is it applied? Are you in favour / against the capital punishment? Explain your reasons.</p>
<p>9. How are crimes categorised in the Slovak Criminal Code? Give examples of crimes that belong to the categories and explain some of them. What are the most serious / least serious crimes? What punishment do they carry? What kinds of crime are increasing nowadays? Why? What kinds of crime do you think can be prevented? How?</p>



**10.** Who are the entities involved in criminal proceedings? Explain their roles/tasks. Is there a jury system in Slovakia? What are the differences between a suspect, an accused and a convicted person? What are the rights of the defendant? Who can defend the accused in court? Would it be difficult for you to work with people who had been convicted of crimes? Why or why not? What are the most discussed criminal cases in Slovakia nowadays?

**11.** What is a crisis? What types of crises can you think of? What are the essential elements of crisis management? Why is crisis management important in the sphere of the police/public administration? Which bodies take part in crisis management in the Slovak Republic? What is the Ministry of Interior responsible for? Think about a recent crisis (COVID-19, natural disaster...). What bodies / services participated in dealing with the crisis and how?

**12.** What are the different types of crises that the world has been facing recently? What sort of person is good in a crisis? How do you manage crises? Explain the purpose and basic facts about the 112 emergency number. Which services are part of the Integrated Rescue System? What is their role? Have you, or someone you know, ever needed to call the emergency number? In what situation? What are the important steps to follow when calling 112? Why? Illustrate on an example.

**13.** What kind of situations do firefighters respond to? What are the requirements for becoming a firefighter in the Slovak Republic? What is the organisational structure of the Slovak Fire and rescue Corps? What are the responsibilities of the firefighters? Have you ever witnessed / seen on the news a firefighter response to an event? What happened? What did the firefighters do? What equipment was used?

**14.** What are some the requirements for becoming a firefighter? What are the qualities that a good firefighter should / should not have? What types of settings do firefighters work in? What are usually their working hours? What makes the work of a firefighter difficult / demanding? What makes it rewarding? How do you feel about firefighter work? Do you consider it interesting and attractive, or not? Why? What would you personally need to do to succeed as a firefighter?

**15.** What is the division of public administration in Slovakia? What is the difference between public and private administration? What does the public sector include? What are the main responsibilities of public administration? What are the main responsibilities and basic features of state administration? What are some examples of state administration bodies? Explain the term “decentralization of the state administration”.

**16.** What are the principles of self-government? What is ‘interest self-government’? Give 5 examples of professional associations and explain their roles. What is territorial self-government composed of? How is a municipality defined? What are the municipal authorities? Characterize them. What are some of the things that the municipality is in charge of? Do citizens appreciate the work of your municipality’s mayor? What are some environmental issues that your municipality faces?



17. Explain the principles of territorial self-government in the Slovak Republic. What are the key competences of self-governing regions? Which individuals can belong to a municipality and a higher territorial unit? Explain the following statement: A municipality and a higher territorial unit are legal persons. What is the tourism strategy in your town/village/self-governing region? What are the biggest problems that your municipality/self-governing region faces?
18. What is the primary function of a library? What are the major types of libraries? What services do they provide? What are the activities of an academic library and a public library? What is the role of public libraries in the development of local communities?
19. What is the role of state administration in providing social services for the disadvantaged? What are the problems faced by the disadvantaged / elderly people in our society? What is considered a rest home (elderly care home)? What do social workers do to help the elderly?
20. What does the term “judiciary” mean? What is the role of the judicial system? What is the structure of the judiciary in Slovakia? Explain the facts about judicial power in Slovakia. Why do we need independent judiciary? What is the role of the Supreme Court?
21. What types of courts act in the Slovak Republic? What cases do they decide about? What is the purpose of the Specialised Criminal Court? What is the role of the Supreme Administrative Court? What are the changes brought by the judicial map reform?
22. Where is the right to vote guaranteed? Who is a qualified voter? What types of elections are there in Slovakia? Describe the process and conditions of the elections to the Slovak Parliament, local self-governments and the European Parliament. What is a referendum?  
Describe the process of voting on an election day.
23. How does the presidential election work in the Slovak Republic? Who can become a presidential candidate? What are the rules for the term of office of president? What is the role and the powers of the President of the SR? Provide examples of other heads of state in the world. Who is the most / least trusted politician in the Slovak Republic? Why do you think it is so?
24. Who constitutes the Government of the SR? What is the role and responsibilities of the Government? In general, what do you think makes a good government? Discuss some recent important decisions of the Government. Have you been happy / unhappy about some of the Government’s decisions?